Network overview

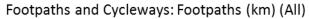
Footpaths 6,959 km Cycleways 321 km

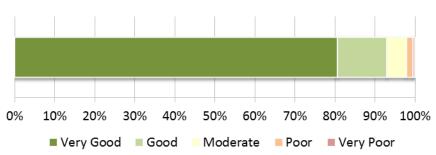
Footpaths Cycleways

Current value \$471 million \$16 million

Replacement cost \$843 million \$22 million

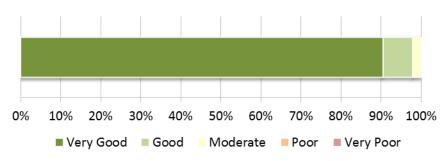
Condition profile





Data source: RAMM (October 2014)

Footpaths and Cycleways: Cycleways (km) (All)



Data source: RAMM (October 2014)

Asset data status	Footpaths	Cycleways
Age data	Unreliable	Unreliable
Condition data	Reliable	Unreliable





Footpaths levels of service

Outcome	The network is of suitable quali	ity		
LOS statement	Footpaths are maintained in a	suitable conditior	1	
Performance measure		Current performance	Target performance	Target date
Percentage of footp condition)	paths in backlog ('very poor'	0.5%	0.3%	2025
Percentage of footpath network closed due to footpath failure		0%	0%	On-going
Percentage of customers satisfied with the quality of footpaths in the Auckland region ¹		64%	65%	TBC
Percentage of custo of footpaths in the I	omers satisfied with the quality ocal area ²	65%	65%	TBC

Outcome	The network is managed in the	most cost-effect	ive manner	
LOS statement	Footpaths are managed to least whole-of-life cost to maintain LOS			
Performance meas	ure	Current performance	Target performance	Target date
Annual renewal cos footpaths on the ne	st per kilometre total of stwork	\$3,600	\$2,000	2025

Outcome	The network provides for the e	The network provides for the efficient movement of people			
LOS statement	Footpaths provide a key travel option in their own right and in conjunction with other travel modes				
Performance measure		Current Target performance		Target date	
Percentage of customers satisfied with the availability of pedestrian crossing points in the local area ³		68%	TBC	TBC	
Walking trips into the CBD during the morning peak ⁴		5,330	5,600	2016	

⁴<u>https://at.govt.nz/about-us/reports-publications/annual-reports/</u>





¹ (IPSOS customer satisfaction survey, 2014)

² (IPSOS customer satisfaction survey, 2014)

³ (IPSOS customer satisfaction survey, 2014)

Cycleways level of service

Outcome:	Accessible				
LOS statement:	Increase availability of travel options for convenient travel across the Auckland region				
Performance meas	ure	Current Performance	Target Performance	Target Date	
Cycle trips into the CBD (inbound cycle counts) in morning peak		12,970	2% annual growth	TBC	
Cycling trips throughout the region during the morning peak		13,406	3% increase each year	TBC	
	omers satisfied with the way in the Auckland region ⁵	46%	TBC	TBC	

Outcome:	Quality			
LOS statement:	Assets are maintained in good condition			
Performance meas	ure	Current Performance	Target Performance	Target Date
% of cycle facilities in moderate (condition grade 3) or better		76%	95%	TBC
	omers satisfied with the ay in the Auckland region ⁶	52%	TBC	TBC

Outcome:	Cycle safety			
LOS statement:	Minimise number of cycle injuries that are fatal or serious			
Performance meas	ure	Current Performance	Target Performance	Target Date
Number of fatal and serious cycle injuries on local roads		36 (year to 31 Dec 2010)	Reducing trend	TBC
Percentage of cycli safe	sts consider the network to be	21%	TBC	TBC

Current (2015) backlog

Backlog: The financial value (quantity %) of assets in a "very poor" condition.

	\$ value	% quantity
Footpaths	\$5.8 million	0.5%
Cycleways	\$0	0%

⁶ (IPSOS customer satisfaction survey, 2014)





⁵ (IPSOS customer satisfaction survey, 2014)

Strategic approach

Auckland Transport (AT) is committed to managing its footpath and cycleway assets to deliver the agreed level of service, manage risk and achieve greater value for money. AT's footpath and cycleway work activities adhere to the key principles of:

- The right treatments
- In the right places
- At the right times
- · For the right costs

AT uses robust asset management tools to set appropriate levels of maintenance and renewal activities for its footpath and cycleway assets, to ensure that:

- Assets are maintained at the agreed level to continue to deliver optimal performance to the road users.
- Assets are programmed for renewal when they reach to 'very poor' condition.
- Assets are kept at the optimum condition level during their lives.

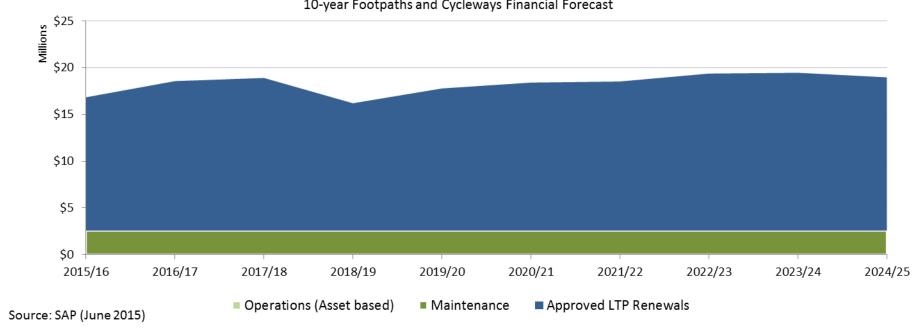




Renewal and Maintenance Costs (\$M)

\$millions	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	10-year total
Approved LTP Renewals (uninflated)		\$14.3	\$16.0	\$16.3	\$13.6	\$15.2	\$15.8	\$16.0	\$16.8	\$16.9	\$16.4	\$157.3
Renewal Investment Needs (uninflated)	\$33.1	\$20.5	\$7.4	\$9.7	\$11.9	\$14.0	\$15.9	\$17.8	\$19.5	\$21.1	\$22.6	\$160.4
Renewal shortfall		-\$6.2	\$8.6	\$6.6	\$1.8	\$1.3	-\$0.1	-\$1.8	-\$2.7	-\$4.2	-\$6.2	-\$3.1
Maintenance		\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$25.6
Operations (Asset based)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Consequential OPEX shortfall		\$0.0	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.4	\$2.0
Depreciation	\$20.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0

10-year Footpaths and Cycleways Financial Forecast







Consequences if asset needs cannot be afforded

- Target key performance measures not achieved
- Customer complaints regarding to poor quality footpaths in their area
- Negative impacts to the users safety

Key issues

Footpaths issues	Recommendations
Inconsistent condition grading methods	Review and agree on a regional approach to condition rating specification
Inaccurate condition and age information in RAMM	Undertake site validation and implement data improvement tasks
No clarity around maintenance and renewals	Review current practices which have been carried out by aerial maintenance contracts. Clearly define maintenance and renewals activities.
Users' complaints about the quality of footpaths	Ensure maintenance contractors give footpath complaints high priority to make the footpaths safe for use.
Demand and integration of walking as a preferred transport mode	Investigate good urban design features for safe and attractive footpaths, and implement with redevelopment projects.
Cycleways issues	Recommendations
Cycleways issues Information on cycle facilities is inconsistent and can be misleading in RAMM.	Recommendations Implement a regional approach to the collection and storage of data.
Information on cycle facilities is inconsistent and	Implement a regional approach to the collection and
Information on cycle facilities is inconsistent and can be misleading in RAMM. Auckland Council Parks adopts varying design standards which induces inconsistencies in design	Implement a regional approach to the collection and storage of data. Develop partnerships with Auckland Council (AC)
Information on cycle facilities is inconsistent and can be misleading in RAMM. Auckland Council Parks adopts varying design standards which induces inconsistencies in design of cycle facilities.	Implement a regional approach to the collection and storage of data. Develop partnerships with Auckland Council (AC) Parks on planning and designing of network. Enforce legitimate use of cycle facilities. Upgrade signage and publicity campaign to educate



